#### Annex 1.

# Framework for Korea-Africa Development Cooperation 2009-2012

#### 24 November 2009

**WE AGREE** to strengthen our partnership in order to support Africa in eradicating poverty and achieving sustainable development as well as to promote the prosperity of African countries and Korea, through doubling Korea's Official Development Assistance to Africa by 2012 compared to 2008 and enhancing effectiveness of partnership in the following domains:

# A. Poverty Eradication and Sustainable Development:

- Support African countries in formulating national development strategies in areas such as macroeconomic management, human resources development, health, rural development, information technology and environmental protection by carrying out a range of programmes;
- ii) Expand programmes for the dispatch of experts to provide practical assistance in the above-mentioned areas;
- iii) Increase the numbers of trainees from Africa to 5,000 and "World Friends Korea" volunteers to African partner countries to over 1,000 for 2009-2012.

## B. Agriculture and Rural Development

i) Accelerate income growth in rural areas by improving agricultural productivity, in particular, by increasing crop yields, while focusing

assistance on the establishment of rural infrastructure (such as roads, storage, etc.) and the modernization of technology in Africa;

- Support the formulation and implementation of country-led integrated and sustainable programs on agricultural and rural development, collaborating with Africa-owned programs such as the Comprehensive Africa Agriculture Development Programme (CAADP);
- iii) Collaborate to secure financial and technical assistance to address the food crisis and ensure food security in Africa;
- iv) Promote sharing of best practices and provisions of technical assistance to Africa in rice production.

# C. Education and Vocational Training

- Support the development of facilities, systems and curricula, in order to improve the quality of education in primary, secondary and higher education:
- ii) Increase Korean government scholarship programmes for African students;
- iii) Establish vocational training centers and programmes to render support to young people in finding decent and productive employment.

#### D. Public Health Services

- i) Provide medical facilities and equipment as well as medical training in order to improve primary healthcare and medical services;
- ii) Support the formulation of policies on family planning and the development of health education programs, particularly for maternal and child health;
- iii) Strengthen Africa's human and institutional capacity to tackle the spread of malaria, tuberculosis, HIV/AIDS and other infectious diseases through both bilateral and multilateral cooperation, in particular, by participating in global public health organizations.

### E. Trade and Investment

- i) Improve infrastructure and institutions, in order to build productive and competitive export supply capacities;
- ii) Increase duty-free and quota-free access to imports from the least developed countries (LDCs) in Africa;
- iii) Support the establishment of measures in order to attract and sustain foreign investment and technology transfers.

## F. Information Communication Technology (ICT)

 i) Enhance ICT infrastructure and the transfer of technology to promote opportunities for economic growth; ii) Construct ICT training centers and support government projects in order to develop ICT capacity in African countries.

## **G.** Environment and Climate Change

- Facilitate the formulation of plans and build infrastructure to maintain environmental sustainability in African countries;
- ii) Expand technical assistance for capacity building in mitigating and adapting to the impact of climate change and desertification;
- iii) Support capacity building to develop and use renewable energy sources and clean energy sources in Africa.

# H. Regional and International Cooperation

- i) Strengthen collaboration in the reform of the United Nations and International financial systems to promote development cooperation;
- ii) Expand cooperative projects with international organizations such as the World Food Programme (WFP), the United Nations Development Programme (UNDP) and the United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF);
- iii) Continue to work with the World Bank and the African Development Bank (AfDB);

iv) Continue to work and expand collaboration with Africa's Regional Economic Communities (RECs) and the New Partnership for Africa's Development (NEPAD).

# I. Cooperation with the Private Sector and Civil Society

- Promote public-private partnerships (PPP) to attract private capital inflows and encourage entrepreneurs to contribute to poverty reduction and sustainable development;
- ii) Strengthen cooperation with Non Governmental Organizations (NGOs) and academia for poverty eradication and sustainable development.

## J. Effectiveness of Partnership

- i) Promote a continuing dialogue through consultation mechanisms such as the Korea-Africa Forum and bilateral policy dialogues to improve the effectiveness of assistance;
- ii) Build development cooperation processes in such a way that they are aligned with African countries' national development plans and poverty reduction strategies;
- iii) Continue to expand untied assistance, in particular to the least developed countries and highly indebted poor countries (HIPCs).

### **DONE AT SEOUL ON 24 NOVEMBER 2009**